Chapter 4

APPLICATIONS, WAITING LIST AND TENANT SELECTION

INTRODUCTION

When a family wishes to receive assistance under the HCV program, the family must submit an application that provides the PHA with the information needed to determine the family's eligibility. HUD requires the PHA to place all families that apply for assistance on a waiting list. When HCV assistance becomes available, the PHA must select families from the waiting list in accordance with HUD requirements and PHA policies as stated in the administrative plan and the annual plan.

The PHA is required to adopt clear policies and procedures for accepting applications, placing families on the waiting list, and selecting families from the waiting list, and must follow these policies and procedures consistently. The actual order in which families are selected from the waiting list can be affected if a family has certain characteristics designated by HUD or the PHA that justify their selection. Examples of this are the selection of families for income targeting and the selection of families that qualify for targeted funding.

HUD regulations require that all families have an equal opportunity to apply for and receive housing assistance, and that the PHA affirmatively further fair housing goals in the administration of the program [24 CFR 982.53, HCV GB p. 4-1]. Adherence to the selection policies described in this chapter ensures that the PHA will be in compliance with all relevant fair housing requirements, as described in Chapter 2.

This chapter describes HUD and PHA policies for taking applications, managing the waiting list and selecting families for HCV assistance. The policies outlined in this chapter are organized into three sections, as follows:

<u>Part I: The Application Process</u>. This part provides an overview of the application process, and discusses how applicants can obtain and submit applications. It also specifies how the PHA will handle the applications it receives.

<u>Part II: Managing the Waiting List</u>. This part presents the policies that govern how the PHA's waiting list is structured, when it is opened and closed, and how the public is notified of the opportunity to apply for assistance. It also discusses the process the PHA will use to keep the waiting list current.

<u>Part III: Selection for HCV Assistance</u>. This part describes the policies that guide the PHA in selecting families for HCV assistance as such assistance becomes available. It also specifies how in-person interviews will be used to ensure that the PHA has the information needed to make a final eligibility determination.

© Copyright <u>2022_2023</u> Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-1 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

© Copyright <u>2022</u> 2023 Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-2 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

I

PART I: THE APPLICATION PROCESS

4-I.A. OVERVIEW

This part describes the PHA policies for making applications available, accepting applications making preliminary determinations of eligibility, and the placement of applicants on the waiting list. This part also describes the PHA's obligation to ensure the accessibility of the application process to elderly persons, people with disabilities, and people with limited English proficiency (LEP).

4-I.B. APPLYING FOR ASSISTANCE [HCV GB, pp. 4-11 - 4-16, Notice PIH 2009-36]

Any family that wishes to receive HCV assistance must apply for admission to the program. HUD permits the PHA to determine the format and content of HCV applications, as well how such applications will be made available to interested families and how applications will be accepted by the PHA. The PHA must include Form HUD-92006, Supplement to Application for Federally Assisted Housing, as part of the PHA's application.

PHA-COC Policy

Depending upon the length of time that applicants may need to wait to receive assistance, the PHACOC -may use a one- or two-step application process.

A one-step process will be used when it is expected that a family will be selected from the waiting list within 60 days of th_e date of application. At application, the family must provide all of the information necessary to establish family eligibility and level of assistance.

A two-step process will be used when it is expected that a family will not be selected from the waiting list for at least 60 days from the date of application. Under the two-step application process, <u>the PHACOC</u>_initially will require families to provide only the information needed to make an initial assessment of the family's eligibility, and to determine the family's placement on the waiting list. The family will be required to provide all <u>of the</u> information necessary to establish family eligibility and level of assistance when the family is selected from the waiting list.

Families may obtain application forms from <u>COC's applicant portal the or from</u> <u>PHACOC</u>'s office during normal business hours. Families may also request <u>applications</u>by telephone<u>, email, or or by mail</u> that an application be mailed to them via first class mail.

Completed applications must be returned to the PHACOC via the applicant portal, -by mail, electronically, by fax, or submitted in person during normal business hours. Only one application will be accepted per family. Applications must be complete in order to be accepted by the PHACOC -for processing. If an application is incomplete, the PHACOC will notify the family of the additional information required.

An applicant whose application has been denied for being incomplete or for not meeting the published application criteria will be provided with the opportunity to appeal

© Copyright <u>2022</u>_2023 Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-3 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

<u>PHA's decision that the application was incomplete or for not meeting the published application criteria within 10 business days of the notice of application denial.</u>

© Copyright 2022-2023 Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-4 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

4-I.C. ACCESSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATION PROCESS

Elderly and Disabled Populations [24 CFR 8 and HCV GB, pp. 4-11 - 4-13]

The PHA must take steps to ensure that the application process is accessible to those people who might have difficulty complying with the normal, standard PHA application process. This could include people with disabilities, certain elderly individuals, as well as persons with limited English proficiency (LEP). The PHA must provide reasonable accommodation to the needs of individuals with disabilities. The application-taking facility and the application process must be fully accessible, or the PHA must provide an alternate approach that provides full access to the application process. Chapter 2 provides a full discussion of the PHA's policies related to providing reasonable accommodations for people with disabilities.

Limited English Proficiency

PHAs are required to take reasonable steps to ensure equal access to their programs and activities by persons with limited English proficiency [24 CFR 1]. Chapter 2 provides a full discussion on the PHA's policies related to ensuring access to people with limited English proficiency (LEP).

4-I.D. PLACEMENT ON THE WAITING LIST

The PHA must review each complete application received and make a preliminary assessment of the family's eligibility. The PHA must accept applications from families for whom the list is open unless there is good cause for not accepting the application (such as denial of assistance) for the grounds stated in the regulations [24 CFR 982.206(b)(2)]. Where the family is determined to be ineligible, the PHA must notify the family in writing [24 CFR 982.201(f)]. Where the family is not determined to be ineligible, the family will be placed on a waiting list of applicants.

No applicant has a right or entitlement to be listed on the waiting list, or to any particular position on the waiting list [24 CFR 982.202(c)].

Ineligible for Placement on the Waiting List

PHA-COC Policy

If the PHACOC -can determine from the information provided that a family is ineligible, the family will not be placed on the waiting list. Where a family is determined to be ineligible, the PHACOC -will send writtenprovide -notification of the ineligibility determination within 1030 -business days of receiving a complete application. The notice will specify the reasons for ineligibility and will inform the family of its right to request an informal review and explain the process for doing so (see Chapter 16).

Eligible for Placement on the Waiting List

PHA-COC Policy

The PHACOC -will send writtenprovide -notification of the preliminary eligibility determination within 1030 -business days of receiving a complete application.

Placement on the waiting list does not indicate that the family is, in fact, eligible for assistance. A final determination of eligibility will be made when the family is selected from the waiting list.

Applicants will be placed on the waiting list according to any preference(s) for which they qualify, and the date and time their complete application is received by the PHA <u>COC</u>.

COC may opt to place applicants on the waiting list according to COC preference(s) and a lottery system. Once each application has been randomly assigned a number, the applications will be placed on the waiting list in order of the assigned numbers within their respective preference categories.

© Copyright <u>2022_2023</u> Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-6 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

© Copyright 2022-2023 Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-7 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

I

© Copyright <u>2022</u> 2023 Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-8 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

I

PART II: MANAGING THE WAITING LIST

4-II.A. OVERVIEW

The PHA must have policies regarding various aspects of organizing and managing the waiting list of applicant families. This includes opening the list to new applicants, closing the list to new applicants, notifying the public of waiting list openings and closings, updating waiting list information, purging the list of families that are no longer interested in or eligible for assistance, as well as conducting outreach to ensure a sufficient number of applicants.

In addition, HUD imposes requirements on how a PHA may structure its waiting list and how families must be treated if they apply for assistance from a PHA that administers more than one assisted housing program.

4-II.B. ORGANIZATION OF THE WAITING LIST [24 CFR 982.204 and 205]

The PHA's HCV waiting list must be organized in such a manner to allow the PHA to accurately identify and select families for assistance in the proper order, according to the admissions policies described in this plan.

The waiting list must contain the following information for each applicant listed:

Applicant name;

- Family unit size;
- Date and time of application;
- Qualification for any local preference;
- Racial or ethnic designation of the head of household.

HUD requires the PHA to maintain a single waiting list for the HCV program unless it serves more than one county or municipality. Such PHAs are permitted, but not required, to maintain a separate waiting list for each county or municipality served.

PHA-COC Policy

The PHACOC -will maintain a single waiting list for the HCV program.

HUD directs that a family that applies for assistance from the HCV program must be offered the opportunity to be placed on the waiting list for any public housing, project-based voucher or moderate rehabilitation program the PHA operates if 1) the other programs' waiting lists are open, and 2) the family is qualified for the other programs.

HUD permits, but does not require, that PHAs maintain a single merged waiting list for their public housing, Section 8, and other subsidized housing programs.

A family's decision to apply for, receive, or refuse other housing assistance must not affect the family's placement on the HCV waiting list, or any preferences for which the family may qualify.

PHA-COC Policy

The PHACOC -will not merge the HCV waiting list with the waiting list for any other program the PHACOC -operates.

© Copyright <u>2022_2023</u> Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-9 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

4-II.C. OPENING AND CLOSING THE WAITING LIST [24 CFR 982.206]

Closing the Waiting List

A PHA is permitted to close the waiting list if it has an adequate pool of families to use its available HCV assistance. Alternatively, the PHA may elect to continue to accept applications only from certain categories of families that meet particular preferences or funding criteria.

PHA-COC Policy

The PHACOC -will close the waiting list when the estimated waiting period for housing assistance for applicants on the list reaches 24 months for the most current applicants. Where the PHACOC -has particular preferences or funding criteria that require a specific category of family, the PHACOC -may elect to continue to accept applications from these applicants while closing the waiting list to others.

COC will announce by public notice the closing of the waiting list. If the list remains open to certain categories of families, this information will be contained in the notice. The notice will be published at least 14 days prior to COC closing the list.

COC will announce by public notice the closing of the waiting list only if the list remains open to certain categories of families, this information will be contained in the notice. The media outlets may include, but are not limited to:

<u>Stamford Advocate</u> <u>Local community service providers</u> <u>Local Community Centers</u> COC web site,

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5"

Formatted: Font: Italic

Formatted: Space Before: 0 pt, Don't adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Don't adjust space between Asian text and numbers

Reopening the Waiting List

If the waiting list has been closed, it cannot be reopened until the PHA publishes a notice in local newspapers of general circulation, minority media, and other suitable media outlets. The notice must comply with HUD fair housing requirements and must specify who may apply, and where and when applications will be received.

PHA-COC Policy

The PHACOC - will announce the reopening of the waiting list at least 104 business days prior to the date applications will first be accepted. If the list is only being reopened for certain categories of families, this information will be contained in the notice.

The notice will inform applicants of the date, time, method, and place applications can be obtained and submitted, all methods by which applications will be accepted (e.g., in person, by phone, by fax, by email), a point of contact who can answer questions, any limitations on who may apply, and any other information the applicant may need to successfully submit the application. COC will describe its prioritization system or whether it uses a lottery and will clearly state that this system will be used to place applicants on the waiting list.

© Copyright <u>2022_2023</u> Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-10 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

To ensure that public notices broadly reach potential applicants in all communities throughout the housing market area, COC will distribute public notices to local community-based organizations, such as social service agencies and religious institutions; distribute the notice online through COC's website or social media platforms and other online platforms for local housing news; and make use of any local newspapers of general circulation, minority media, and other suitable means.

The PHA will give public notice by publishing the relevant information in suitable media outlets including, but not limited to:

<u>Stamford Advocate</u> <u>Local community service providers</u> <u>Local Community Centers</u> <u>COC web site</u>

[List here newspapers/other media where notices will be published]

© Copyright 2022 <u>2023</u> Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-11 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

T

4-II.D. FAMILY OUTREACH [HCV GB, pp. 4-2 to 4-4]

The PHA must conduct outreach as necessary to ensure that the PHA has a sufficient number of applicants on the waiting list to use the HCV resources it has been allotted.

Because HUD requires the PHA to admit a specified percentage of extremely low-income families to the program (see Chapter 4, Part III), the PHA may need to conduct special outreach to ensure that an adequate number of such families apply for assistance [HCV GB, p. 4-20 to 4-21].

PHA outreach efforts must comply with fair housing requirements. This includes:

- Analyzing the housing market area and the populations currently being served to identify underserved populations
- Ensuring that outreach efforts are targeted to media outlets that reach eligible populations that are underrepresented in the program
- Avoiding outreach efforts that prefer or exclude people who are members of a protected class

PHA outreach efforts must be designed to inform qualified families about the availability of assistance under the program. These efforts may include, as needed, any of the following activities:

- Submitting press releases to local newspapers, including minority newspapers
- Developing informational materials and flyers to distribute to other agencies
- Providing application forms to other public and private agencies that serve the low income population
- Developing partnerships with other organizations that serve similar populations, including agencies that provide services for persons with disabilities

PHA-COC Policy

The PHACOC -will monitor the characteristics of the population being served and the characteristics of the population as a whole in the PHACOC's jurisdiction. Targeted outreach efforts will be undertaken if a comparison suggests that certain populations are being underserved.

© Copyright <u>2022-2023</u> Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-12 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

1

4-II.E. REPORTING CHANGES IN FAMILY CIRCUMSTANCES

PHA-COC PPolicy

While the family is on the waiting list, the family must immediately inform the PHA COC of changes in contact information, including current residence, email, mailing address, and phone number. The changes must be submitted in writing via the applicant portal.-

Changes in an applicant's circumstances while on the waiting list may affect the family's qualification for a particular bedroom size or entitlement to a preference. When an applicant reports a change that affects their placement on the waiting list, the waiting list will be updated accordingly.

If a change in the applicant's household circumstances results in a different required bedroom size, and a waiting list exists for that bedroom size, the applicant will be transferred to the appropriate waiting list. The applicant will be placed at the bottom of the new waiting list based on the date and time the change was reported, or action was taken. The original application date will be updated to reflect the date and time of this change

4-II.F. UPDATING THE WAITING LIST [24 CFR 982.204]

HUD requires the PHA to establish policies to use when removing applicant names from the waiting list.

Purging the Waiting List

The decision to withdraw an applicant family that includes a person with disabilities from the waiting list is subject to reasonable accommodation. If the applicant did not respond to a PHA request for information or updates, and the PHA determines that the family did not respond because of the family member's disability, the PHA must reinstate the applicant family to their former position on the waiting list [24 CFR 982.204(c)(2)].

COC Policy

The waiting list will be updated as needed, at least annually, -to ensure that all applicants and applicant information is current and timely.

To update the waiting list, COC will send an update via the applicant portal<u>a</u> <u>electronlically</u>, or first class mail to each family on the waiting list to determine whether the family continues to be interested in, and to qualify for, the program. This update request will be sent to the last email or address COC has on record for the family. The update request will provide a deadline by which the family must respond and will state that failure to respond will result in the applicant's name being removed from the waiting list.

The family's response must be in writing and may be delivered in person, by applicant portal, by mail, or electronically. Responses should be postmarked or received by the PHACOC -not later than 15 business days from the date of COC's letter.

© Copyright <u>2022_2023</u> Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-13 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

If the family fails to respond within 15 business days, the family will be removed from the waiting list without further notice.

If the notice is returned by the post office with no forwarding address or the email returned as undeliverable, the applicant will be removed from the waiting list without further notice.

If the notice is returned by the post office with a forwarding address, the notice will be resent to the address indicated and the address will be updated accordingly. The family will have 15 business days to respond from the date the letter was re-sent. If the family fails to respond within this time frame, the family will be removed from the waiting list without further notice.

Returned mail or undeliverable emails must be filed in the applicant record.

Due to the length of the waiting list, it may not be cost effective to purge the entire waiting list at one time. COC will have the discretion to purge a portion of the waiting list in order to have current information on those applicant families that may be likely to reach the top of the waiting list in the next 12 months.

If a family is removed from the waiting list for failure to respond, COC may reinstate the family if it is determined that the lack of response was due to COC error, or to circumstances beyond the family's control, as a result of a family member's disability, or as a direct result of status as a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, or human trafficking, including an adverse factor resulting from such abuse.

I

Removal from the Waiting List

PHA-COC Policy

If at any time an applicant family is on the waiting list, <u>the PHACOC</u>-determines that the family is not eligible for assistance (see Chapter 3), the family will be removed from the waiting list.

If a family is removed from the waiting list because the PHACOC has determined the family is not eligible for assistance, a notice will be sent to the family's address of record. as well as to any alternate address provided on the initial application. The notice will state the reasons the family was removed from the waiting list and will inform the family how to request an informal review regarding the PHACOC's decision (see Chapter 16) [24 CFR 982.201(f)].

© Copyright 2022 <u>2023</u> Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-15 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

© Copyright <u>2022-2023</u> Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-16 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

I

PART III: SELECTION FOR HCV ASSISTANCE

4-III.A. OVERVIEW

As vouchers become available, families on the waiting list must be selected for assistance in accordance with the policies described in this part.

The order in which families are selected from the waiting list depends on the selection method chosen by the PHA and is impacted in part by any selection preferences for which the family qualifies. The availability of targeted funding also may affect the order in which families are selected from the waiting list.

The PHA must maintain a clear record of all information required to verify that the family is selected from the waiting list according to the PHA's selection policies [24 CFR 982.204(b) and 982.207(e)].

4-III.B. SELECTION AND HCV FUNDING SOURCES

Special Admissions [24 CFR 982.203]

HUD may award funding for specifically-named families living in specified types of units (e.g., a family that is displaced by demolition of public housing; a non-purchasing family residing in a HOPE 1 or 2 projects). In these cases, the PHA may admit such families whether or not they are on the waiting list, and, if they are on the waiting list, without considering the family's position on the waiting list. These families are considered non-waiting list selections. The PHA must maintain records showing that such families were admitted with special program funding.

Targeted Funding [24 CFR 982.204(e)]

HUD may award a PHA funding for a specified category of families on the waiting list. The PHA must use this funding only to assist the families within the specified category. In order to assist families within a targeted funding category, the PHA may skip families that do not qualify within the targeted funding category. Within this category of families, the order in which such families are assisted is determined according to the policies provided in Section 4-III.C.

PHA-COC Policy

The PHACOC -administers the following types of targeted funding:

[Insert list of all types of targeted funding here] Family Unification Program (FUP)

Mainstream Voucher Program

Emergency Housing Voucher Program

Regular HCV Funding

Regular HCV funding may be used to assist any eligible family on the waiting list. Families are selected from the waiting list according to the policies provided in Section 4-III.C.

© Copyright <u>2022-2023</u> Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-17 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

4-III.C. SELECTION METHOD

PHAs must describe the method for selecting applicant families from the waiting list, including the system of admission preferences that the PHA will use [24 CFR 982.202(d)].

Local Preferences [24 CFR 982.207; HCV p. 4-16]

PHAs are permitted to establish local preferences, and to give priority to serving families that meet those criteria. HUD specifically authorizes and places restrictions on certain types of local preferences. HUD also permits the PHA to establish other local preferences, at its discretion. Any local preferences established must be consistent with the PHA plan and the consolidated plan, and must be based on local housing needs and priorities that can be documented by generally accepted data sources.

PHA-COC Policy

<u>COC will use the following preferences for all programs, unless otherwise noted, in the following order. Preference eligibility must be valid at the time of unit/assistance offer. If a preference is found to no longer be valid, applicants will be placed on the waiting list by date of time of application received.</u>

COC will first assist families that have been terminated from the HCV program due to insufficient funding, then assist families that qualify for the VAWA preference, and then follow the preferences in order as listed below:

Insufficient Funding (HCV Only)

COC will offer a preference to any family that has been terminated from its HCV program due to insufficient program funding.

VAWA

COC will offer a preference to families that include victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, or human trafficking who have either been referred by a partnering service agency or consortia or is seeking an emergency transfer under VAWA from COC's public housing program or other covered housing program operated by COC.

COC will work with the Domestic Violence Crisis Center, and other partnering service agencies as needed.

The applicant must certify that the abuser will not reside with the applicant unless COC gives prior written approval. After six months, COC may require an update of the preference documents.

This preference also extends to victims of domestic violence and families who must vacate their current unit because a court or law enforcement agency has determined a need for relocation is required as a matter of public safety (including victims of hate crimes and households that are part of a witness protection program).

A hate crime is an actual or threatened physical violence or intimidation that is directed against a person or his property and is based on the person's race, color, religion, sex, national origin, disability or familial status including sexual orientation, gender identity and marital status occurred within the last 90 days or is of a continuing nature.

© Copyright 2022-2023 Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-18 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

Adminplan 4/1/229/1/238/1/2024

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5", First line: 0"

Formatted: Font: Not Bold, Not Italic Formatted: Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5"

The PHA will use the following local preferences:

- 1. The PHA will offer a preference to any family that has been terminated from its HCV program due to insufficient program funding.
- 2. The PHA will offer a preference to families that include victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, or human trafficking who have either been referred by a partnering service agency or consortia or are seeking an emergency transfer under VAWA from the PHA's public housing program or other covered housing program operated by the PHA.

The PHA will work with the following partnering service agencies:

[Insert name(s) of agencies]

The applicant must certify that the abuser will not reside with the applicant unless the PHA gives prior written approval.

The PHA will first assist families that have been terminated from the HCV program due to insufficient funding and then assist families that qualify for the VAWA preference.

Displaced Category I

Families displaced or scheduled for displacement due to COC redevelopment efforts.

Displaced Category II

Families displaced due to other state/local governmental action for reasons beyond resident control and/or declared natural disasters within no more than six months from the date of verification by COC.

Families are considered displaced if they are required to vacate housing as a result of one of the following:

A disaster-fire, flood, earthquake, etc. that has caused the unit to be inhabitable.

Federal, state or local government action related to code enforcement, public improvement or development.

Chronic Homelessness and Other Vulnerable Homeless Persons

COC will offer a chronic homelessness preference to any family that meets the HUD definition of chronic homelessness. If there are no chronic homeless families at the time of vacancy, the opportunity will be offered to the next most vulnerable homeless person in accordance with prioritization established by the Coordinated Access Network "CAN". The family must be referred to COC by a homeless service provider through the CAN based on their vulnerability. Referring agencies must have an executed Memorandum of Understanding with COC in coordination with the Stamford Housing First Collaborative, outlining the provider's responsibility to provide services for the referred household.

The referral must include a commitment by the homeless service provider to provide housing search assistance and supportive services to help the household transition from

 $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$ Copyright 2022-2023 Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-19 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

Adminplan 4/1/229/1/238/1/2024

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1"

homelessness to permanent housing, including complying with the Housing Choice Voucher program rules.

All Single Room Occupancy (SRO) vacancies will be made available to homeless persons referred by the CAN and are on the By Name List (BNL).

One of every five vouchers issued from the waiting list will be made available to a chronically homeless person or other vulnerable homeless person applicant.

For the Project Based Vouchers, one of every five applicants selected from the wait list will be a chronically homeless applicant or other vulnerable homeless applicant.

Mainstream Vouchers (Mainstream Vouchers Only)

A mainstream voucher preference is given to those who are non-elderly persons with disabilities transitioning out of institutional and other segregated settings, at serious risk of institutionalization, currently experiencing homelessness, previously experienced homelessness and currently a client in a permanent supportive housing or rapid rehousing project, or at risk of experiencing homelessness.

© Copyright 2022 2023 Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-20 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

Income Targeting Requirement [24 CFR 982.201(b)(2)]

HUD requires that extremely low-income (ELI) families make up at least 75 percent of the families admitted to the HCV program during the PHA's fiscal year. ELI families are those with annual incomes at or below the federal poverty level or 30 percent of the area median income, whichever number is higher. To ensure this requirement is met, a PHA may skip non-ELI families on the waiting list in order to select an ELI family.

Low-income families admitted to the program that are "continuously assisted" under the 1937 Housing Act [24 CFR 982.4(b)], as well as low-income or moderate-income families admitted to the program that are displaced as a result of the prepayment of the mortgage or voluntary termination of an insurance contract on eligible low-income housing, are not counted for income targeting purposes [24 CFR 982.201(b)(2)(v)].

PHA-COC Policy

The PHACOC - will monitor progress in meeting the income targeting requirement throughout the fiscal year. Extremely low-income families will be selected ahead of other eligible families on an as-needed basis to ensure the income targeting requirement is met.

Order of Selection

The PHA system of preferences may select families based on local preferences according to the date and time of application or by a random selection process (lottery) [24 CFR 982.207(c)]. If a PHA does not have enough funding to assist the family at the top of the waiting list, it is not permitted to skip down the waiting list to a family that it can afford to subsidize when there are not sufficient funds to subsidize the family at the top of the waiting list [24 CFR 982.204(d) and (e)].

PHA-COC Policy

Lottery Method: Families may be selected from the waiting list based on selection preference(s) for which they qualify, and in accordance with COC's hierarchy of those preferences. Within each preference category, families will be selected in numerical order based on the numbers that were assigned to each application, by lottery, at the time the applications were placed on the waiting list.

First come/First served: Families may be selected from the waiting list based on preference. Among applicants with the same preference, families will be selected on a first-come, first served basis according to the date and time their complete application is received by COC.

When selecting applicants from the waiting list, COC will match the characteristics of the available unit (unit size, accessibility features, unit type) to the applicants on the waiting lists. COC will offer the unit to the highest-ranking applicant who qualifies for that unit size or type, or that requires the accessibility features. By matching unit and family characteristics, it is possible that families who are lower on the waiting list may receive an offer of housing ahead of families with an earlier date and time of application or higher preference status.

© Copyright <u>2022_2023</u> Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-21 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

Adminplan 4/1/229/1/238/1/2024

Formatted: Font: Bold
Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5"

Formatted: Indent: First line: 0.06"

Formatted: Font: Bold

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5" Formatted: Indent: First line: 0.06" Within each targeted funding or preference category, families will be selected on a firstcome, first-served basis according to the date and time their complete application is received by COC. Documentation will be maintained by COC as to whether families on the list qualify for and are interested in targeted funding. If a higher placed family on the waiting list is not qualified or not interested in targeted funding, there will be a notation maintained so that COC does not have to ask higher placed families each time targeted selections are made.

Families will be selected from the waiting list based on the targeted funding or selection preference(s) for which they qualify, and in accordance with the PHA's hierarchy of preferences, if applicable. Within each targeted funding or preference category, families will be selected on a first come, first served basis according to the date and time their complete application is received by the PHA. Documentation will be maintained by the PHA as to whether families on the list qualify for and are interested in targeted funding. If a higher placed family on the waiting list is not qualified or not interested in targeted funding, there will be a notation maintained so that the PHA does not have to ask higher placed families each time targeted selections are made.

© Copyright 2022<u>2023</u> Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-22 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

1

4-III.D. NOTIFICATION OF SELECTION

When a family has been selected from the waiting list, the PHA must notify the family [24 CFR 982.554(a)].

PHA-COC Policy

The PHACOC -will notify the family via the applicant portal, by by first class mail, or by email -when it is selected from the waiting list. The notice will inform the family of the following:

Date, time, and location of the scheduled application interview, including any procedures for rescheduling the interview

Who is required to attend the interview

All documents that must be provided at the interview, including information about what constitutes acceptable documentation

If a notification letter is returned to the PHACOC-with no forwarding address, the family will be removed from the waiting list without further notice-_-Such failure to act on the part of the applicant prevents COC from making an eligibility determination; therefore no informal hearing will be offered.

A notice of denial (see Chapter 3) will be sent to the family's address of record..., as well as to any known alternate address.

4-III.E. THE APPLICATION INTERVIEW

HUD recommends that the PHA obtain the information and documentation needed to make an eligibility determination though a face-to-face interview with a PHA representative [HCV GB, pg. 4-16]. Being invited to attend an interview does not constitute admission to the program.

Assistance cannot be provided to the family until all SSN documentation requirements are met. However, if the PHA determines that an applicant family is otherwise eligible to participate in the program, the family may retain its place on the waiting list for a period of time determined by the PHA [Notice PIH 2018-24].

Reasonable accommodation must be made for persons with disabilities who are unable to attend an interview due to their disability.

PHA-COC Policy

Families selected from the waiting list are required to participate in an eligibility interview, which may be conducted in-person or virtually-

The head of household and the spouse/cohead will be strongly encouraged to attend the interview together. However, either the head of household or the spouse/cohead may attend the interview on behalf of the family. Verification of information pertaining to adult members of the household not present at the interview will not begin until signed release forms are returned to the PHACOC.

© Copyright 2022-2023 Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-23 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

The head of household or spouse/cohead must provide acceptable documentation of legal identity. (Chapter 7 provides a discussion of proper documentation of legal identity.) If the family representative does not provide the required documentation at the time of the interview, they will be required to provide it within 10 business days.

© Copyright <u>2022</u>_2023 Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-24 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

Pending disclosure and documentation of social security numbers, the PHACOC-will allow the family to retain its place on the waiting list for *finsert amount of time reasonable for PHA[90 calendar days*. If not all household members have disclosed their SSNs at the next time the PHACOC -is issuing vouchers, the PHACOC -will issue a voucher to the next eligible applicant family on the waiting list.

The family must provide the information necessary to establish the family's eligibility and determine the appropriate level of assistance, and must complete required forms, provide required signatures, and submit required documentation. If any materials are missing, the PHACOC -will provide the family with a written list of items that must be submitted.

Any required documents or information that the family is unable to provide at the interview must be provided within 10 business days of the interview (Chapter 7 provides details about longer submission deadlines for particular items, including documentation of eligible noncitizen status). If the family is unable to obtain the information or materials within the required time frame, the family may request an extension. If the required documents and information are not provided within the required time frame (plus any extensions), the family will be sent a notice of denial (See Chapter 3).

An advocate, interpreter, or other assistant may assist the family with the application and the interview process.

Interviews will be conducted in English. For limited English proficient (LEP) applicants, the PHACOC -will provide translation services in accordance with the PHACOC 's LEP plan.

If the family is unable to attend a scheduled interview, the family should contact the PHA <u>COC in</u>-advance of the interview to schedule a new appointment. In all circumstances, if a family does not attend a scheduled interview, the PHACOC -will send another notification letter with a new interview appointment time. Applicants who fail to attend two scheduled interviews without <u>PHA-COC</u> approval will be denied assistance based on the family's failure to supply information needed to determine eligibility. <u>Such failure to</u> act on the part of the applicant prevents COC from making an eligibility determination; therefore COC will not offer an informal hearing. A notice of denial will be issued in accordance with policies contained in Chapter 3.

© Copyright <u>2022</u> <u>2023</u> Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. Page 4-25 Unlimited copies may be made for internal use.

4-III.F. COMPLETING THE APPLICATION PROCESS

The PHA must verify all information provided by the family (see Chapter 7). Based on verified information, the PHA must make a final determination of eligibility (see Chapter 3) and must confirm that the family qualified for any special admission, targeted funding admission, or selection preference that affected the order in which the family was selected from the waiting list.

PHA-COC Policy

If the PHACOC -determines that the family is ineligible, the PHACOC -will provide send written notification of the ineligibility determination within 10 business days of the determination. The notice will specify the reasons for ineligibility, and will inform the family of its right to request an informal review (Chapter 16).

If a family fails to qualify for any criteria that affected the order in which it was selected from the waiting list (e.g. targeted funding, extremely low-income), the family will be returned to its original position on the waiting list. <u>The PHACOC</u> will notify the family in writing that it has been returned to the waiting list, and will specify the reasons for it.

If the PHACOC determines that the family is eligible to receive assistance, the PHA will invite the family to attend a briefing in accordance with the policies in Chapter 5.

1